

Une approche aux invariants quantiques non-semisimples via l'algèbre supérieure

Une thèse présentée par

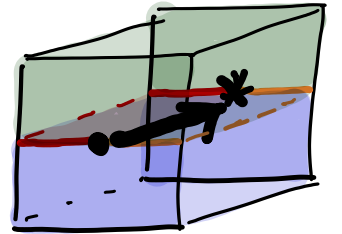
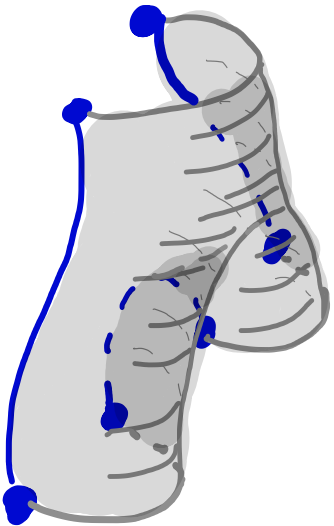
Benjamin Haioun

soutenue à

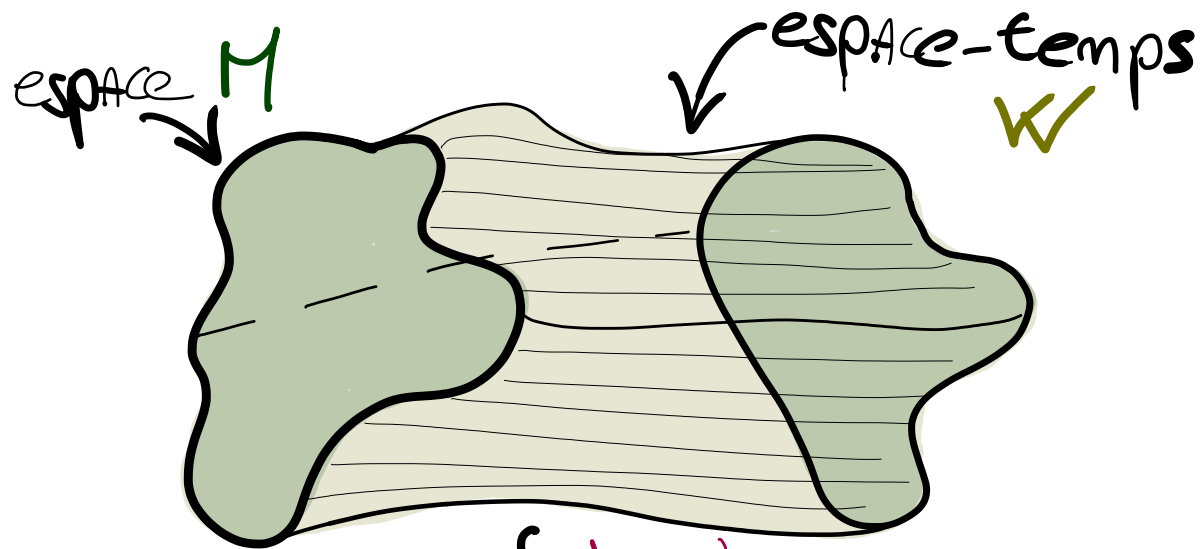
l'Université Toulouse 3 Paul Sabatier

effectuée sous la direction de

FRANCESCO Costantino & DAVID Jordan



Qu'est-ce qu'une théorie quantique des champs topologique ?



↓ théorie physique

$$Z(M) \xrightarrow{Z(W)} Z(M')$$

↑ états physiques sur M

↑ opérateur d'évolution du temps

→ Idées de physique



Applications en mathématiques

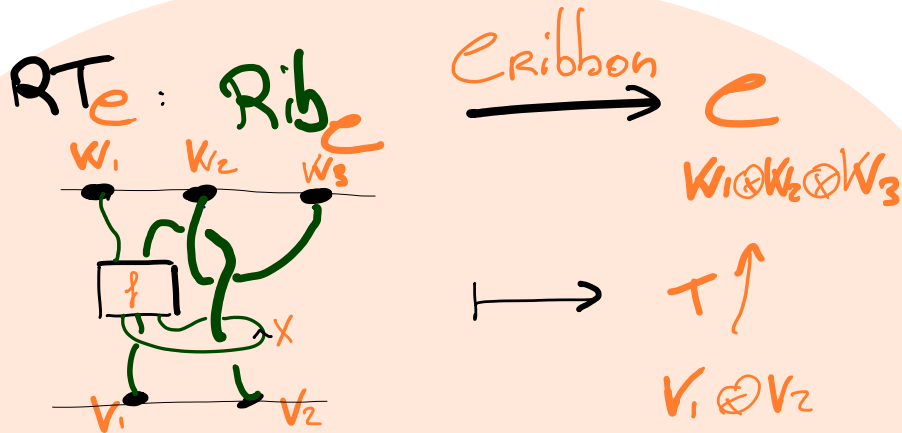
The birth of TQFTs

- 88' Atiyah, Segal
- 89' Witten predicts 3-TQFTs
- 91' Reshetikhin-Turaev

Def:

An n -TQFT is a symmetric monoidal functor

$$Z: \text{Cob}_{n-1, n}^{\sqcup} \rightarrow \text{Vect}^{\otimes}$$



Thm: \mathcal{C} is a ribbon finite semisimple modular

$$\exists Z_{\text{WRT}}: \text{Cob}_{2,3}^{\sqcup} \rightarrow \text{Vect}^{\otimes}$$

TQFTs coming from skein theory:

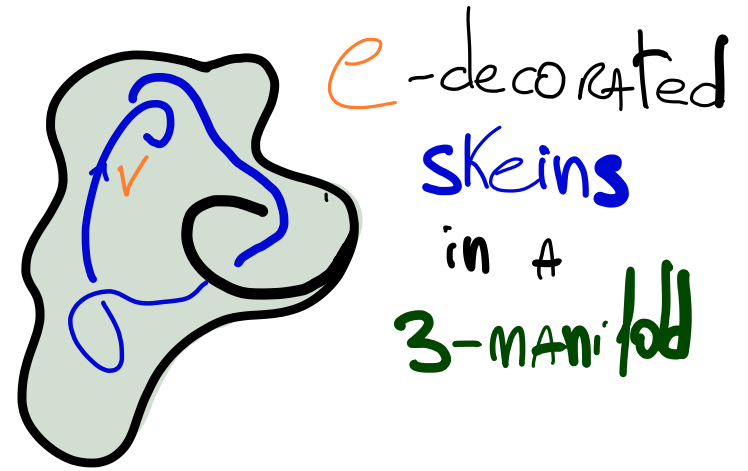
- + 89' Witten
- 91' Reshetikhin - Turaev

- 92' Turaev-Viro } "state sum"
- 93' Crane - Yetter }
4-TQFT

- 95' Lyubashenko
- 96' Hennings

- ⋮
- 16' Blanchet - Costantino - Geer - Patureau-Mirand

- 22' De Renzi - Gainutdinov (DGG-PR)
- ⋮
- Geer - Patureau - V - Rakel



"Non semisimple"
generalizations

⚠ Non-compact

Does the list ever end?

Cobordism Hypothesis:

(framed, fully extended) TQFTs ARE classified by "fully dualizable" objects

- 1 - TQFT $\xleftrightarrow{C-H}$ dualizable object in Ambient category
- 3 TURAEV-VIRO \leftrightarrow fusion categories [DSS20] in Tens [SS17]
- 4 CRANE-YETTER \leftrightarrow braided fusion categories [BSS21] in BrTens [SS]
- 4 ? \leftrightarrow non-semisimple modular tensor categories [BJSS21] in BrTens
- 3 Witten-Reshetikhin* \leftrightarrow ?
- TURAEV
(+ non-semisimple variants)

Goals:

This
PhD

* construct (topologically) the predicted
NON-semisimple Crane-Yetter 4-TQFTs.

* provide the 3-dualizable objects
describing (non-semisimple) WRT theories.

future
work

* prove that the Cobordism Hypothesis does
recover the expected topological constructions.

I.

Missing

Non-semisimple

CRANE-Yetter 4-TQFT

Non-Semisimple Crane-Yetter 4-TQFTs

-23' Costantino - Geer - H. - Patureau-Mirand

modular

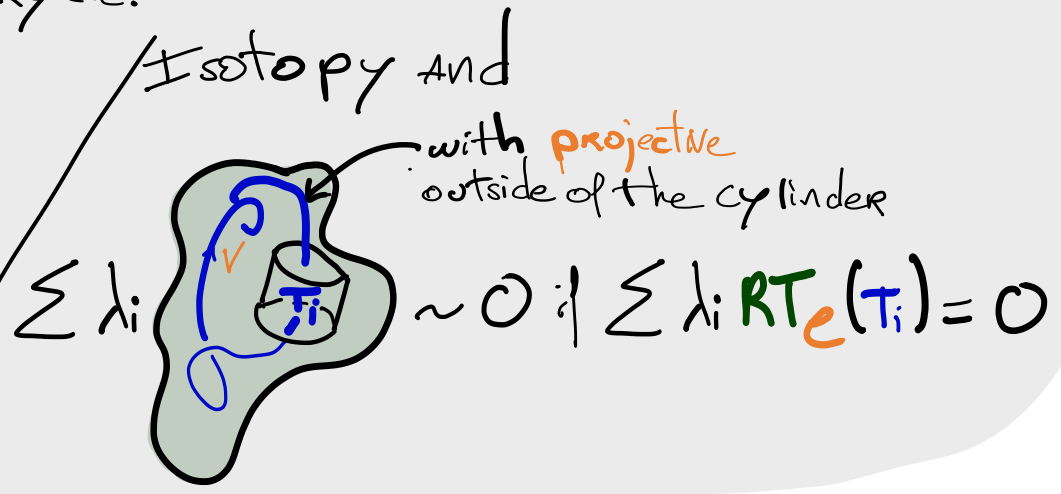
Thm Given a $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{finite} \\ \text{unimodular} \\ \text{ribbon} \\ \text{chromatic compact} \end{array} \right.$ category \mathcal{C} , we construct a 4-TQFT

$$\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}} : \text{Cob}_{3+1} \rightarrow \text{Vect}$$

using skein theory.

The construction:

$\mathcal{S}_e(M) :=$

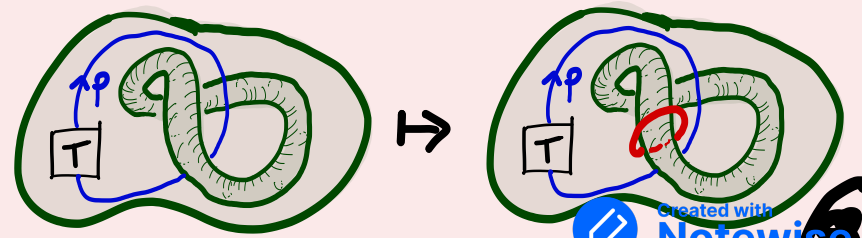
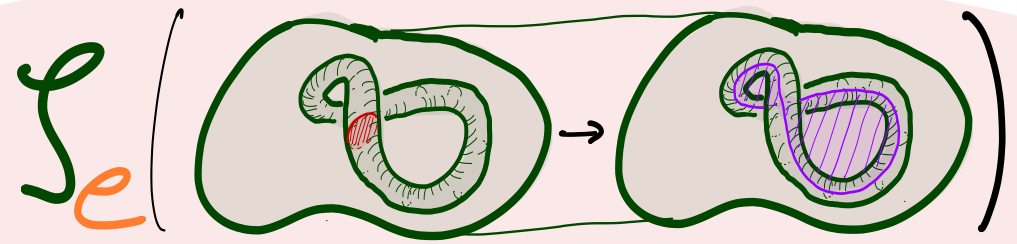


\mathcal{S}_e (4-dimensional handle attachment)

ii

explicit operations on skeins

Example: (the 2-handle)



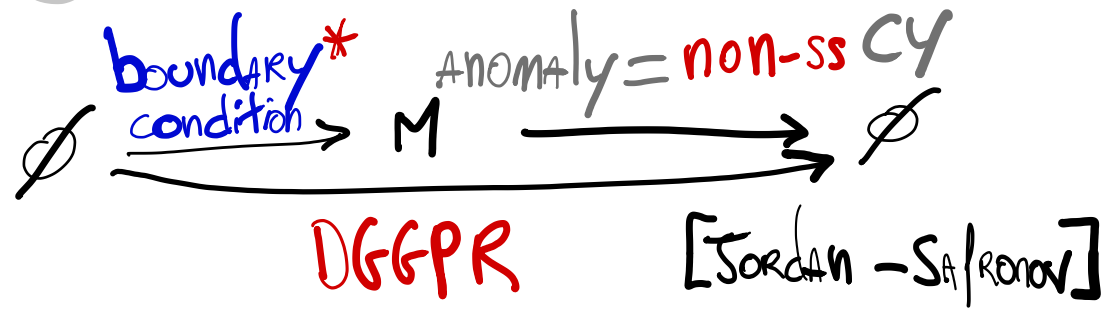
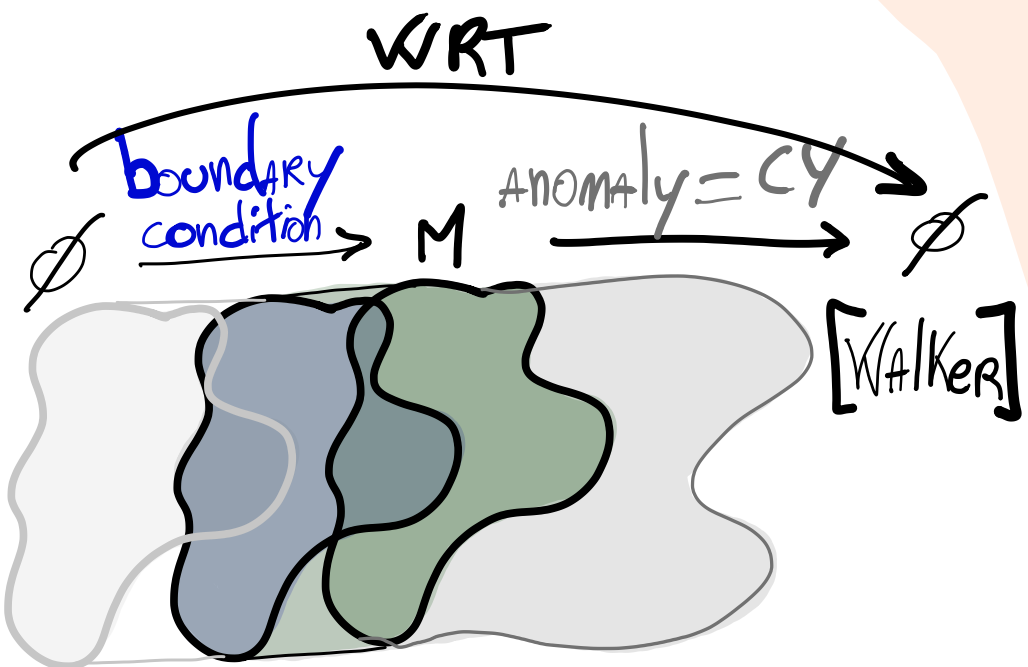
II.

Missing

(non-semisimple) WRT

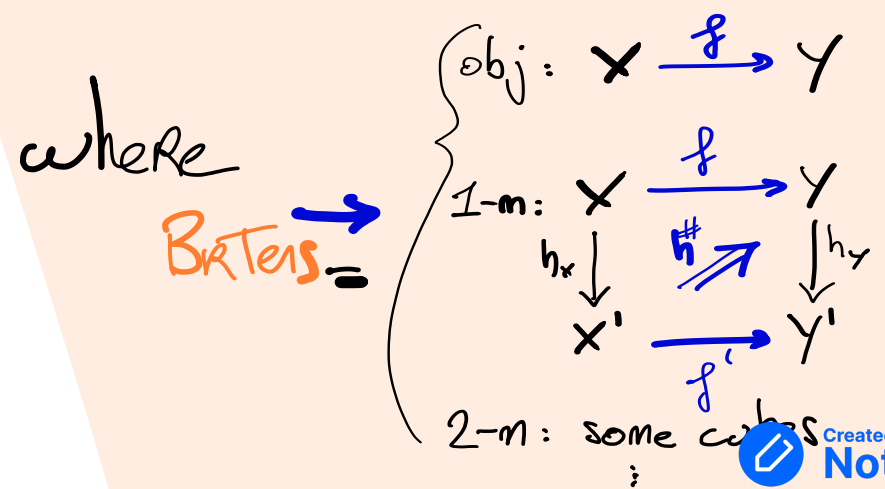
3-TQFTs

WRT HAS AN ANOMALY!



Def (Johnson-Freyd-Schreiber) (following F-T, S-T)
 A boundary condition ∂ to an anomaly theory

$\mathcal{J}: \text{Bord}_4 \rightarrow \text{BRTens}$
 is a symmetric monoidal functor
 $\partial: \text{Bord}_3 \rightarrow \text{BRTens} \rightarrow$
 s.t. $\text{so } \partial = \text{TRIV}$ and $\epsilon \circ \partial = \mathbb{S}$.



Dualizability of unit inclusion

n -TQFT

$\mathcal{C} \text{--} \mathcal{H}^*$

dualizable* object in Ambient category

3 WRT
DGGPR

$\leftarrow \text{---} \rightarrow$

$\eta: \mathbb{1} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ unit inclusion in $\mathbf{BRTens}^{\rightarrow}$ [SS]

Thm (H.) Let \mathcal{C} be a (non-semisimple) modular tensor category
and $\eta \in \mathbf{BRTens}^{\rightarrow}$ induced by the unit inclusion,
then η is (non-compact) 3-dualizable

Rebuilding WRT

$$c \in \text{BRTens}_{4D} [\text{BSSS}] + \eta \in \text{BRTens}_{nc, 3D} [\text{H}]$$

orientation structure? $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (nc) \\ C-H \end{array} \right.$

$$S_e : \text{Bord}_4 \rightarrow \text{BRTens} + \partial : \text{Bord}_3^{nc} \rightarrow \text{BRTens}$$

"compose"

(non-SS) WRT

Def: The anomalous theory induced by S_e, ∂ is

$$A_{S_e, \partial} : \text{Bord}_{n-1}^{filled, nc} \rightarrow \Omega \text{BRTens}$$

$\text{End}_{\text{BRTens}}(1)$
!!

$$\text{point} \mapsto \mathbb{1} \xrightarrow{\partial(\cdot)} S_e(\cdot) \xrightarrow{S_e(\cdot)} \mathbb{1}$$

A

$$\text{cylinder} \mapsto \begin{array}{c} \mathbb{1} \xrightarrow{\partial(\cdot)} S_e(\cdot) \xrightarrow{S_e(\cdot)} \mathbb{1} \\ \parallel \swarrow \partial(\cdot) \downarrow S_e(\cdot) \searrow S_e(\cdot) \parallel \\ \mathbb{1} \xrightarrow{\partial(\cdot)} S_e(\cdot) \xrightarrow{S_e(\cdot)} \mathbb{1} \end{array}$$

$$\text{manifold } M \text{ with } W \text{ boundary} \mapsto \mathbb{1} \xrightarrow{\partial(M)} S_e(M) \xrightarrow{S_e(W)} \mathbb{1}$$

Rebuilding WRT

bicategory of filled cobordisms of dimensions 1, 2 and 3

nice categories with all colimits

Conjecture:

$$h_2 \Omega \text{Bord}_3^{\text{filled, nc}} \xrightarrow{\text{As}_{e, a}} \Omega \text{Tens} = \text{PrCat}$$

forgetful ↓

$$\tilde{\text{Cob}}_{321}^{\text{nc}}$$

$$\xrightarrow[\text{DGGPR}]{\text{WRT}} \hat{\text{C}}_{\text{at}}$$

Free ↑

taking $\text{Fun}(-^{\text{op}}, \text{Vect})$

Cauchy-complete linear categories

usual source for WRT:
surfaces + Lagrangian in H_1
3-manifolds + integer

Expected description

dim : 0 1 2

3

4

\mathcal{S}_e

: skein categories
|| [Cooke, Brown-H.]
factorization
homology

Admissible
skein module
functors

CGHP's formulas
for handle attachments

\emptyset : empty object

emptyskein*

Conjecture
check : $WRT(\Sigma) \cong SK(H, \emptyset)$

$WRT(H, \sigma(W)) = \mathcal{S}_e(W)(\emptyset)$

Thank you!